The vulnerability of groundwater contamination was determined using soil properties and depth to groundwater as indicated in general on pesticide labels. Areas on this map may have dissimilar soil and groundwater characteristics from those generally identified for that area. More detailed information can be obtained from:

- **Frontier County Extension Office**
  R.R. 3, Box 23C
  Curtis, NE 69025-9502
  (308) 367-4424
  (proper pesticide use)

- **Conservation and Survey Division**
  113 Nebraska Hall
  Lincoln, NE 68588-0517
  (402) 472-7537
  (soil and groundwater data)

- **Resources**
  Configuration of the water table, Spring 1979, McCook Quadrangle, Nebraska. Conservation and Survey Division, UNL. GM-54.
  Configuration of the water table, Spring 1979, Grand Island Quadrangle, Nebraska. Conservation and Survey Division, UNL. GM-54.

### Frontier County

- **Sand, loamy sand and sandy loam soils with a water table greater than 30 feet below the surface.**
  These areas have a moderate vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Even though the water table is greater than 30 feet below the surface, the soils are porous and caution should be used.

- **Silty and loamy soils with a water table less than 30 feet below the surface.**
  These areas have a moderate vulnerability to groundwater contamination. Even though the soils restrict the downward movement of pesticides, the water table is less than 30 feet below the surface and caution should be used.

- **Silty and loamy soils with a water table greater than 30 feet below the surface.**
  These areas have a slight vulnerability to groundwater contamination.

Refer to the accompanying discussion and index of pesticides for guidance on pesticide use.