faces, a Class A-rated roof system complying with ASTM E108 or UL 790 shall be achieved for a minimum 6-foot-wide (1829 mm) continuous border placed around rooftop structures and all rooftop equipment including, but not limited to, mechanical and machine rooms, penthouses, skylights, roof vents, solar panels, antenna supports and building service equipment.

317.4 Vegetation. Vegetation shall be maintained in accordance with Sections 317.4.1 and 317.4.2.

317.4.1 Irrigation. Supplemental irrigation shall be provided to maintain levels of hydration necessary to keep green roof plants alive and to keep dry foliage to a minimum.

317.4.2 Dead foliage. Excess biomass, such as overgrown vegetation, leaves and other dead and decaying material, shall be removed at regular intervals not less than two times per year.

317.4.3 Maintenance plan. The *fire code official* is authorized to require a maintenance plan for vegetation placed on roofs due to the size of a roof garden, materials used or where a fire hazard exists to the building or exposures due to the lack of maintenance.

317.5 Maintenance equipment. Fueled equipment stored on roofs and used for the care and maintenance of vegetation on roofs shall be stored in accordance with Section 313.

SECTION 318
LAUNDRY CARTS

318.1 Laundry carts with a capacity of 1 cubic yard or more. Laundry carts with an individual capacity of 1 cubic yard [200 gallons (0.76 m^3)] or more, used in laundries within Group B, E, F-1, I, M and R-1 occupancies, shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or materials having a peak rate of heat release not exceeding 300 kW/m^2 at a flux of 50 kW/m^2 where tested in a horizontal orientation in accordance with ASTM E1354.

Exceptions:

1. Laundry carts in areas protected by an *approved automatic sprinkler system* installed throughout in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1.
2. Laundry carts in coin-operated laundries.

SECTION 319
MOBILE FOOD PREPARATION VEHICLES

319.1 General. Mobile food preparation vehicles that are equipped with appliances that produce smoke or grease-laden vapors shall comply with this section.

319.2 Permit required. Permits shall be required as set forth in Section 105.6.

319.3 Exhaust hood. Cooking equipment that produces grease-laden vapors shall be provided with a kitchen exhaust hood in accordance with Section 607.

319.4 Fire protection. Fire protection shall be provided in accordance with Sections 319.4.1 and 319.4.2.

319.4.1 Fire protection for cooking equipment. Cooking equipment shall be protected by automatic fire extinguishing systems in accordance with Section 904.12.

319.4.2 Fire extinguisher. Portable fire extinguishers shall be provided in accordance with Section 906.4.

319.5 Appliance connection to fuel supply piping. Gas cooking appliances shall be secured in place and connected to fuel-supply piping with an appliance connector complying with ANSI Z21.69/CSA 6.16. The connector installation shall be configured in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. Movement of appliances shall be limited by restraining devices installed in accordance with the connector and appliance manufacturers' instructions.

319.6 Cooking oil storage containers. Cooking oil storage containers within mobile food preparation vehicles shall have a maximum aggregate volume not more than 120 gallons (454 L), and shall be stored in such a way as to not be toppled or damaged during transport.

319.7 Cooking oil storage tanks. Cooking oil storage tanks within mobile food preparation vehicles shall comply with Sections 319.7.1 through 319.7.5.2.

319.7.1 Metallic storage tanks. Metallic cooking oil storage tanks shall be *listed* in accordance with UL 80 or UL 142, and shall be installed in accordance with the tank manufacturer's instructions.

319.7.2 Nonmetallic storage tanks. Nonmetallic cooking oil storage tanks shall be installed in accordance with the tank manufacturer's instructions and shall comply with both of the following:

1. Tanks shall be *listed* for use with cooking oil, including maximum temperature to which the tank will be exposed during use.
2. Tank capacity shall not exceed 200 gallons (757 L) per tank.

319.7.3 Cooking oil storage system components. Metallic and nonmetallic cooking oil storage system components shall include, but are not limited to, piping, connections, fittings, valves, tubing, hose, pumps, vents and other related components used for the transfer of cooking oil.

319.7.4 Design criteria. The design, fabrication and assembly of system components shall be suitable for the working pressures, temperatures and structural stresses to be encountered by the components.

319.7.5 Tank venting. Normal and emergency venting shall be provided for cooking oil storage tanks.

319.7.5.1 Normal vents. Normal vents shall be located above the maximum normal liquid line, and shall have a minimum effective area not smaller than the largest filling or withdrawal connection. Normal vents are not required to vent to the exterior.

319.7.5.2 Emergency vents. Emergency relief vents shall be located above the maximum normal liquid line, and shall be in the form of a device or devices that will relieve excessive internal pressure caused by an exposure fire. For nonmetallic tanks, the emergency relief vent shall be allowed to be in the form of construction.

Emergency vents are not required to discharge to the exterior.

319.8 LP-gas systems. Where LP-gas systems provide fuel for cooking appliances, such systems shall comply with Chapter 61 and Sections 319.8.1 through 319.8.5.

319.8.1 Maximum aggregate volume. The maximum aggregate capacity of LP-gas containers transported on the vehicle and used to fuel cooking appliances only shall not exceed 200 pounds (91 kg) propane capacity.

319.8.2 Protection of container. LP-gas containers installed on the vehicle shall be securely mounted and restrained to prevent movement.

319.8.3 LP-gas container construction. LP-gas containers shall be manufactured in compliance with the requirements of NFPA 58.

319.8.4 Protection of system piping. LP-gas system piping, including valves and fittings, shall be adequately protected to prevent tampering, impact damage, and damage from vibration.

319.8.5 LP-gas alarms. A *listed* LP-gas alarm shall be installed within the vehicle in the vicinity of LP-gas system components, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

319.9 CNG systems. Where CNG systems provide fuel for cooking appliances, such systems shall comply with Sections 319.9.1 through 319.9.4.

319.9.1 CNG containers supplying only cooking fuel. CNG containers installed solely to provide fuel for cooking purposes shall be in accordance with Sections 319.9.1.1 through 319.9.1.3

319.9.1.1 Maximum aggregate volume. The maximum aggregate capacity of CNG containers transported on the vehicle shall not exceed 1,300 pounds (590 kg) water capacity.

319.9.1.2 Protection of container. CNG containers shall be securely mounted and restrained to prevent movement. Containers shall not be installed in locations subject to a direct vehicle impact.

319.9.1.3 CNG container construction. CNG containers shall be an NGV-2 cylinder.

319.9.2 CNG containers supplying transportation and cooking fuel. Where CNG containers and systems are used to supply fuel for cooking purposes in addition to being used for transportation fuel, the installation shall be in accordance with NFPA 52.

319.9.3 Protection of system piping. CNG system piping, including valves and fittings, shall be adequately protected to prevent tampering, impact damage and damage from vibration.

319.9.4 Methane alarms. A listed methane gas alarm shall be installed within the vehicle in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

319.10 Maintenance. Maintenance of systems on mobile food preparation vehicles shall be in accordance with Sections 319.10.1 through 319.10.3.

319.10.1 Exhaust system. The exhaust system, including hood, grease-removal devices, fans, ducts and other appurtenances, shall be inspected and cleaned in accordance with Section 607.3.

319.10.2 Fire protection systems and devices. Fire protection systems and devices shall be maintained in accordance with Section 901.6.

319.10.3 Fuel gas systems. LP-gas containers installed on the vehicle and fuel-gas piping systems shall be inspected annually by an *approved* inspection agency or a company that is registered with the U.S. Department of Transportation to requalify LP-gas cylinders, to ensure that system components are free from damage, suitable for the intended service and not subject to leaking. CNG containers shall be inspected every 3 years in a qualified service facility. CNG containers shall not be used past their expiration date as listed on the manufacturer's container label. Upon satisfactory inspection, the *approved* inspection agency shall affix a tag on the fuel gas system or within the vehicle indicating the name of the inspection agency and the date of satisfactory inspection.

ORDINANCE RECORD

ORDINANCE NO. 4255

AN ORDINANCE DEALING WITH THE SCOTTSBLUFF FIRE CODE, ADOPTING PROVISIONS OF THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH EXCLUDED PORTIONS; AMENDING CURRENT CHAPTERS, ARTICLES AND SECTIONS OF THE SCOTTSBLUFF MUNICIPAL CODE BY REPEALING OR REVISING CHAPTER 8, ARTICLES 1, 2 AND 3;CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 1 AND CHAPTER 23, ARTICLES 2 AND 3; REPEALING PRIOR PROVISIONS OF THE SCOTTSBLUFF MUNICIPAL CODE, PROVIDING FOR PUBLICATION IN PAMPHLET FORM AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA:

Section 1. Chapter 8, Article 1 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code is amended to provide as follows:

"(a) GENERAL PROVISIONS

8-1-1. Terms; defined.
For the purposes of this Article, certain terms (in addition to those defined in the standard codes, or parts thereof, adopted in this Article) are hereby defined as follows.

8-1-2. Repealed.

8-1-3. Repealed.

8-1-4. Repealed.

8-1-5. Same; chief of fire department.
The term "chief of fire department" means the Fire Chief.

8-1-5.1 Same; fire code official.
The term "fire code official" means the fire chief or other designated authority charged with the administration and enforcement of the code, or a duly authorized representative.

8-1-6. Same; corporation counsel.
The term "corporation counsel" means the City Attorney.

8-1-7. Same; fire limits.
The term "Fire Limits" means the Fire Limits as defined in Chapter 4.

8-1-8. Same; Fire prevention code.
The term "fire prevention code" means the provisions of the standard code or codes adopted in this Article.

8-1-9. Same; municipality.
The term "municipality" means the City of Scottsbluff. Nebraska.

8-1-10. Same; terms in standard codes.
The definitions of terms contained in the standard codes and parts thereof adopted in this Article shall apply throughout this Article, except as otherwise clearly indicated in this Article.

8-1-11. Article; application.
The provisions of this Article shall be controlling within the corporate limits of the City and the extra-territorial jurisdiction as defined in Chapter 25 of the Municipal Code, except as otherwise clearly provided herein. All of the requirements and restrictions prescribed by this Article are minimum requirements or restrictions. If greater requirements or restrictions are imposed in any other Chapter, such greater requirements or restrictions shall control.

ORDINANCE RECORD

8-1-12. Fire Prevention Code Adopted; Exceptions; Revisions.
The following standard fire and life safety codes are adopted for the purpose of prescribing regulations governing conditions hazardous to life and property from fire or explosion, the International Fire Code, 2018 edition, including Appendix Chapters A-K, as published by the International Code Council, be and is hereby adopted as the Fire Code of the City of Scottsbluff (all collectively the "Fire Prevention Code").
Provided, the most restrictive of regulations will be used when there is conflict between the Fire Prevention Code and other Codes adopted by the City. Not less that one (1) copy of the Fire Prevention Code referred to above shall be and remain on file in the office of the City Clerk; and the contents, to the extent adopted, are incorporated in and made a part of this Article by reference. Any reference to a Standard Code is hereinafter referred to as the Fire Prevention Code.

The following sections shall read:
Section 101.1. Insert: City of Scottsbluff
Section 102.7. The codes and standards referenced in this code shall be those that are listed in Chapter 80, and such codes and standards shall be considered to be part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference and as further regulated in Sections 102.7.1 and 102.7.2 except that the referenced International Code Council (ICC), other than the International Mechanical Code or the International Plumbing Code, National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), and International Kitchen Exhaust Cleaning Association (IKECA) codes shall be adopted in their full text.

Section 110.4. Insert: Class II Violation, $250.00, N/A
Section 112.4. Insert: none, $250.00
Section 109.1 Add: The appeal shall be made in a writing which shall state the decision appealed and the alleged grounds of error, and shall be filed with the City Clerk within thirty (30) days after the date of the decision appealed.
Section 903.2.8 Add: Exception 1: Except in one- and two-family dwellings.
Section 5601.1.3. Add: Exception 5. Fireworks sold, possessed, or discharged in accordance with City Codes 8-1-29 through 8-1-36.

The geographic limits referenced in the following sections of the 2018 International Fire Code shall mean the Fire Limits as defined in Chapter 4:
5704.2.9.6.1
5706.2.4.4
5806.2
6104.2

8-1-12.1. Same; additional. In addition to the codes listed in the IFC Chapter 80, the following documents shall also be adopted and/or revised as indicated and considered as part of the municipal fire code:
NFPA 291—19: Recommended Practice for Fire Flow Testing and Marking of Hydrants,
Section 5-2-1.1 shall read: All barrels of private hydrants are to be chrome yellow and all barrels of public hydrants are to be Rustoleum Federal Safety Orange, or an approved equivalent.
NFPA 101–18: Remove Section 24.3.5.1 Automatic sprinkler system requirements for one- and two-family dwellings.
PEI RP100: Installation of Underground Liquid Storage Systems (2017 Edition),
PEI RP200: Installation of Aboveground Storage Systems (2019 Edition),
PEI RP500: Inspection & Maintenance of Motor Fuel Dispensing (2019 Edition),
PEI RP900: UST Inspection and Maintenance (2017 Edition), and
PEI RP1200: Testing of UST Spill, Overfill, Leak Detection and Secondary Containment (2019 Edition)
ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers) 154, 2016 edition.

8-1-12.2. Grease Duct; Testing. Water-testing as described in American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) 154, 2016 edition, section 5.2.1.2 shall be the sole approved method of execution for performing the leakage test of NFPA 96—17: 7.5.2.1.2.

8-1-13. Repealed.

8-1-14. Records; submission to Fire Department required; format. Records of all system inspections, tests, and maintenance required by the referenced standards shall be maintained on the premises and shall be submitted to the Fire Prevention Office of the Fire Department in a manner and format as prescribed by the fire code official within five (5) working days after the inspections, tests, and maintenance are completed.

8-1-15 to 8-1-17. Reserved.

(b) ADMINISTRATION OF LAW

8-1-18. Repealed.

8-1-19. Repealed.

8-1-20. Repealed.

8-1-21. Repealed.

8-1-22. Repealed.

8-1-23 to 8-1-26. Reserved.

(c) PARTICULAR HAZARDS

8-1-27. Repealed.

8-1-28. Repealed.

8-1-29. Fireworks; sale; discharge; possession for sale; gift; use.
It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, partnership or corporation to sell at retail, possess for sale at retail, give away, use, discharge or cause to be discharged, consumer fireworks, and any other fireworks approved under the provisions of this Article. Consumer fireworks may be sold at retail only between June 25 at 12:01 A.M. and July 4 at 11:59 P.M., and December 29 at 12:01 A.M. and December 31 at 11:59 P.M. each year and may be discharged only between 8:00 A.M. and 10:00 P.M. June 25 through July3, and 8:00 A.M. through 11:59 P.M. July 4, and between 4:30 P.M. December 31 and 12:30 A.M. January 1. Provided, toy cap pistols and toy caps may be sold, given away, used, discharged or caused to be discharged at any time. Provided, further, fireworks of any description are authorized for purposes of public exhibitions or displays as provided in this Article, and public exhibition or displays under the auspices of any governmental subdivision of the State of Nebraska, and according to Nebraska state law.

8-1-30. Same; definitions.
The following terms defined in this section shall have the meaning herein provided for purposes of section 8-1-29:
Aerial Shell: A firework fired from a cylinder, such as a mortar, but excluding rockets.
Consumer Fireworks: Any of the following devices that (i) meet the requirements set forth in 16 C.F.R. parts 1500 and 1507, as such regulations existed on January 1, 2010, and (ii) are tested and approved by a nationally recognized testing facility or by the State Fire Marshall:

a. Any small firework device designed to produce visible effects by combustion and which is required to comply with the construction, chemical composition, and labeling regulations of the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission set forth in 16 C.F.R., as such regulations existed on January 1, 2010;
b. Any small device designed to produce audible effects such as a whistling device;
c. Any ground device or firecracker containing fifty milligrams or less of explosive composition; or
d. Any aerial device containing one hundred thirty milligrams or less of explosive composition.
e. Class C explosives as classified by the United States Department of Transportation shall be considered consumer fireworks.

Consumer fireworks does not include:

a. Rockets that are mounted on a stick or wire and project into the air when ignited, with or without report;
b. Wire sparklers, except that silver and gold sparklers are deemed to be consumer fireworks until January 1, 2014;
c. Nighttime parachutes;
d. Fireworks that are shot into the air and after coming to the ground cause automatic ignition due to sufficient temperature;
e. Firecrackers that contain more than fifty milligrams of explosive composition; and
f. Fireworks that have been tested by the State Fire Marshal as a response to complaints and have been deemed to be unsafe.

Rocket: A device consisting of a container containing a combustible substance which is attached to a guiding stick, the whole being projected through the air by pressure exerted by the rearward discharge of gases liberated by combustion.

8-1-31. Same; permissible list; additions to.
Fireworks not specifically listed in section 8-1-29 may be added to the permissible list by the Fire Chief, by regulation, after investigation and a finding by him or her that they are safe for general use. A regulation by the State Fire Marshal adding fireworks to the list of permissible fireworks as authorized by the Nebraska statutes shall constitute prima facie evidence that the fireworks are safe for general use for purposes of this ordinance.

8-1-32. Repealed.

8-1-33. Repealed.

8-1-34. Repealed.

8-1-35. Fireworks; exhibitions; display; permit.
Any person, firm, partnership or corporation, before giving any public exhibition or display of fireworks, shall, not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the date when the exhibition or display is to be given, apply to the Fire Code Official for a permit to give such exhibition or display, and, upon request, furnish to the Fire Chief a sample of the fireworks to be exhibited or displayed. The Fire Code Official, upon being satisfied by investigation or otherwise that reasonable safety standards are to be observed at the proposed exhibition or display, shall grant such application.

8-1-36. Same; sale; samples.
Any person, firm, partnership or corporation proposing to sell fireworks within the City shall, upon a request made by the Fire Code Official, furnish to the Fire Code Official not less than fifteen (15) days before fireworks may lawfully be sold within the City, a sample of any or all fireworks to be sold.

8-1-37. Repealed.

8-1-38. Repealed.

8-1-39. Same; railroad tank cars.
Railroad tank cars containing flammable or combustible liquids, liquefied petroleum gases, or anhydrous ammonia shall not be parked or allowed to stand within the City longer than a period of time reasonably necessary, and utilized for switching operations or for the loading or unloading of such tank cars.

8-1-40. Repealed.

8-1-41. Crankcase draining; storage.
Crankcase draining may be stored within the fire limits only in such tanks or in closed steel drums or barrels. Storage in steel drums or barrels shall not exceed, in the aggregate, two hundred (200) gallons on any one premises. Storage of crankcase draining shall in all other respects conform to the requirements for storage of Class III liquids which are prescribed by the Fire Prevention Code.

8-1-42. Same; flammable, combustible liquids; dumping.
No crankcase draining or flammable or combustible liquids shall be dumped on any lot, tract of land, street or alley.

8-1-43. Repealed.

8-1-44. Repealed.

8-1-45. Repealed.

8-1-46. Repealed.

8-1-47. Gasoline, hydrocarbons; pools, pouring, leaks.
It shall be unlawful for any person:

(1) to cause or permit to be present on, above or below the surface of the ground of any premises within the City owned, leased or otherwise controlled by such person any pool gasoline or other hydrocarbons, or

(2) to cause or permit any gasoline or other hydrocarbons to be poured, dumped or leaked onto or into the ground. Each day such a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. Any pool of gasoline or other hydrocarbons, the pouring or dumping of gasoline or other hydrocarbons, and any tank or other container from which gasoline or other hydrocarbons leak (whether on, above or below the surface of the ground) shall constitute a nuisance.

8-1-48. Repealed.

8-1-49. Repealed.

8-1-50. Repealed.

8-1-51. Repealed.

8-1-52. Repealed.

8-1-53. Repealed.

8-1-54 to 8-1-57. Reserved.

(d) VIOLATIONS; PENALTY

8-1-58. Violations; penalty.
A violation of any provision of this Article, or the failure to comply with any order or regulation made thereunder, or building in violation of a detailed statement or plan submitted and approved thereunder or of a permit issued thereunder, is a Class II violation. The imposition of a penalty for a violation of this Article shall not excuse the violation or permit it to continue, and each day that such violation is permitted to exist shall constitute a separate offense. Application of the above penalty or penalties shall not prevent the enforced removal of prohibited conditions or enforced termination of prohibited activities."

Section 2. Chapter 8, Article 2 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code is amended to provide as follows:
"**8-2-1. Emergency services; attendance; duty.**
It shall be the duty of the Fire Department of the City to respond promptly to all emergencies which require fire department intervention or assistance, and to remain on the scene until the incident has been mitigated or until the proper agency has relieved members of the Fire Department.

8-2-2. Fire Chief; command; members; subject to.
The members of the Fire Department, including both paid and volunteer, shall be under the command and control of the Fire Chief at all incidents or emergencies which require Fire Department intervention or assistance and it shall be the duty of each and all members to obey his or her orders and follow his or her directions.

8-2-3. Aid; summon; power; violation.
Upon the alarm of emergency, the Fire Chief, the City Manager or any police officer of the City is hereby empowered to call for and require the aid of any motor vehicle or of any person in drawing any fire engine, fire apparatus or other equipment to or from the fire. It shall be unlawful for any person to wilfully fail, refuse or neglect to render such assistance.

8-2-4. Repealed.

8-2-5. Contents of building; destruction; prevention; firefighter duty.
It shall be the duty of each member of the fire company to prevent as far as within his or her power, the unnecessary destruction of the contents of any building on fire.

8-2-6. Personal property on premises; removal.
It shall be unlawful for any member or members of the Fire Department, or any other person, to take, remove or carry away without the consent of the owner, any article of value of any nature from the premises of a fire, other than to remove such article a safe distance from the fire to prevent its burning, or for the purpose of investigating the origin of the fire.

8-2-7. Maintenance of order; Fire Chief; power.
It shall be the duty of the Fire Chief or Fire Code Official to the City to preserve and maintain order at all emergencies. For such purpose, he or she is hereby empowered and given all power and authority of a police officer of the City, and may call to his or her aid in the performance of his or her duty and any and all inhabitants, citizens or bystanders to assist him or her in maintaining order thereat.

8-2-8. Disorderly conduct; violation.
No person shall indulge or engage in any disorderly conduct at any fire within the City.

8-2-9. Repealed.

8-2-10. Motor vehicles; operation; restrictions.
No person without the consent of the Fire Chief or Fire Code Official shall drive any vehicle over any unprotected hose of the Fire Department within the City. No vehicle, except by specific direction of the Fire Chief, shall follow, approach or park closer than five hundred (500) feet to a fire or fire apparatus. Provided, the provisions of this section shall not apply either to vehicles carrying doctors or members of the Fire Department, or to drivers of ambulances or other authorized emergency vehicles when an emergency requires abrogation of the fire traffic rules mentioned herein.

8-2-11. Premises; after fire; watch, guard; duty.
It shall be the duty of the Fire Chief or Fire Code Official, after the engines are withdrawn and the firefighter dismissed from any fire within the City, to have and keep charge of the premises until the probable danger of smoulder fire is past and a reasonable time is had for investigation of the cause of the fire. During this time, he or she shall cause strict watch to be kept over and guard the premises where such fire shall have occurred.

8-2-12. Supervisory officer; powers; duties.
In the absence of the Fire Chief, the supervisory officer of the Fire Department who is in charge shall exercise the powers and duties of the Chief.

8-2-13. Repealed.

8-2-14. Repealed.

Section 3. Chapter 8, Article 3 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code is amended to provide as follows:

"(a) DEFINITIONS

8-3-1. Definitions; generally.
The terms defined in subsequent sections of this Article which shall have the meaning, when used in this Article, that is given to the terms in the following sections.

8-3-2. Alarm, false.
"False alarm" means any signal created by an alarm system (including but not limited to alarm signals initiated by human error) which directly or indirectly notifies public safety personnel of the City of the occurrence of a fire, life hazard or medical emergency, or a burglary, robbery or other criminal offense, when either of the following circumstances is present:

(1) no such emergency or hazard has occurred or, as the case may be, is occurring, or

(2) public safety personnel or emergency medical personnel are not needed to respond to such emergency or hazard.

Provided, false alarm shall not include, a signal activated by fire, lighting, tornado winds, flooding or earthquake, or by telephone or power line malfunction verified in writing by the telephone company or power district within seven (7) days after the alarm.

8-3-3. Alarm, fire.
"Fire alarm" means any communication, or attempted communication, whether in person or by a mechanical, electrical or electronic device, that is intended or is designed to elicit a prompt response by the Fire Department of the City.

8-3-4. Alarm system.
"Alarm system" means any mechanical, electrical or electronic device that is arranged, designed, or used to signal the occurrence in the City of a fire, life hazard or medical emergency. Alarm systems include, but are not limited to, those by which public safety personnel of the City are notified directly of such signals by automatic recording devices, or are notified indirectly by way of third persons who monitor the alarm systems and who report such signals to public safety personnel. Alarm systems also include those designed to register a signal which is so audible, visible, or in other ways perceptible outside a protected building, structure, or facility as to notify persons in the neighborhood beyond the lot where the signal is located, who may in turn notify public safety personnel of the City of the signal. Alarm systems do not include those affixed to automobiles, or auxiliary devices installed by telephone companies to protect telephone equipment, or systems which might be damaged or disrupted by the use of an alarm system.

8-3-5. Consolidated Communications Center.
"Consolidated Communications Center" means that Department of the County of Scotts Bluff, Nebraska established by an interlocal cooperation agreement between the City of Scottsbluff, the County of Scotts Bluff and other municipalities within Scotts Bluff County, and any subsequent amendments thereto.

8-3-6. Director.
"Director" means the Director of the Consolidated Communications Center.

8-3-7. Owner; lessee.
"Owner" or "lessee" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or entity who or which purchases, leases, contracts for or obtains an alarm system.

8-3-8. Public safety personnel.
"Public safety personnel" means the officers and other members of the Fire Department and Police Department, respectively.

8-3-9. Vendor.
"Vendor" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or entity associated with an alarm business or company, either indirectly or directly, whose duties include but are not necessarily limited to, any of the following: selling, replacing, moving, repairing, maintaining, or installing an alarm system on or in any structure, building, or facility.

(b) REGULATIONS

8-3-10. Alarm system; regulation; general.
No alarm system shall be installed, maintained or used in violation of any of the requirements of this Article, or of any applicable statute, law or administrative regulation of the United States of America or the State of Nebraska.

8-3-11. Automatic dialing, calling devices; interconnection.
Persons owning or leasing an automatic dialing or calling device situated on premises within the City, upon obtaining a permit therefor as provided in this Article, may, if authorized as provided in this Article, have the device interconnected to a telephone line or other NFPA 72-approved means transmitting to:

(1) a privately-owned central alarm panel or station,
(2) an answering service, or
(3) the Consolidated Communications Center.

An automatic dialing device also may be interconnected to one or more telephone numbers available to the owner or lessee.

Alarm signals transmitted to a supervising station shall be by addressable device and shall be retransmitted by point identifier to the communications center in an acceptable format. The Fire Chief or Fire Code Official may apply these requirements retroactively to systems installed prior to the effective date of this Article.

No automatic dialing or calling device shall be interconnected to any emergency telephone trunkline terminating in the Consolidated Communications Center except as authorized in this Article, and no such device shall be connected to any telephone line of other offices or departments of the City except such telephone line or lines as may be designated by the City Manager for the specific purpose of receiving signals from alarm systems, pursuant to authority which may be vested in the City Manager.

8-3-12. Same; recorded messages.
Alarm systems that automatically dial or call a telephone line that has been designated by the City as provided in this Article shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) the total length of the recorded message being transmitted to the Consolidated Communications Center (including repetition of message) shall not exceed thirty (30) seconds' duration;

(2) the recorded message transmitted shall be repeated not less than two (2) nor more than three (3) times;

(3) the recorded message being transmitted shall incorporate language specifically identifying the message as a "recording," with the balance of the message identifying by street number and name the location of the emergency and the nature of the event which caused the alarm system to activate. If the location of the event signaled by the alarm system is in a multifamily building or a multi-unit office or commercial building, the message shall also identify by number and floor the particular dwelling unit, office unit or commercial unit in which the event occurred or is occurring; and

(4) the recorded message being transmitted shall be appropriate for the purpose for which the alarm system was installed, and the message in its entirety shall be intelligible and spoken in the English language.

8-3-13. Alarm system; permit; required.
It shall be unlawful for any person to maintain, interconnect with or use any alarm system within the City without a current valid permit therefor as provided in this Article.

8-3-14. Same; application.
Each application for an alarm system permit shall be made on a form prescribed by the Director, and shall contain the following information:

(1) the name, address and telephone number of the owner or lessee, who shall be an adult occupant of the protected premises;

(2) the type of premises (home, office, other), and any business name by which the premises are known;

(3) the address of the protected premises, including, if the premises are in a multiple unit residential, commercial or industrial structure or complex, any name by which the structure or complex is commonly known;

(4) the names, addresses and telephone numbers, including home phone numbers, of all agents having authority or responsibility with respect to the structure or complex;

(5) if the alarm system component consists of automatic dialers, the number and type thereof, the location of all remote annunciators, and the names and telephone numbers of all persons or businesses which are or may be preselected for automatic dialer contact;

(6) the name, address and telephone number of the person with whom the owner or lessee has contracted for maintenance of the alarm system;

(7) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of those persons (not less than two) who can be contacted by the Consolidated Communications Center 24 hours a day and seven days a week to turn off or deactivate the alarm system; and

(8) a statement that the owner or lessee, in consideration of the issuance of the requested permit, has read and agrees to be bound by the terms of this Article.

8-3-15. Same; fees.

If an alarm system component is to be connected to an alarm panel in the Consolidated Communications Center:

(1) the application for an alarm system permit shall be accompanied by a connection fee in the amount provided in Chapter 6, Article 6, and

(2) the owner or lessee shall pay annually, in addition, a maintenance and monitoring fee in the provided in Chapter 6, Article 6. The latter fee shall be payable, in the first instance, with the application, but no connection fee shall be payable by owners or lessees of an alarm system component which is connected to the alarm panel at the time of enactment of this Article.

If the alarm component is an automatic dialer to be interconnected to a telephone in the Consolidated Communications Center, or is a system which provides for a third party relay of calls to such a telephone, the owner or lessee shall pay to the Consolidated Communications Center annually a monitoring fee in the amount provided in Chapter 6, Article 6, and a fee in such amount shall be paid, in the first instance, with the application for a permit.

If a permit shall be issued, fees which accompanied the application shall be retained; otherwise, they shall be refunded.

This section shall not apply to alarm system components owned or leased by the City or other public law enforcement officials or departments.

8-3-16. Same; investigation: permit; issuance.

Upon receipt of the permit application and fee, if any, the Fire Chief or Fire Code Official shall cause to be made such investigation as he or she deems necessary. If it appears to the Fire Chief or Fire Code Official that the proposed system will comply with the provisions of this Article, he or she shall cause the Director to issue to the applicant a permit bearing an identifying number, specifying the alarm system for which it is issued, and setting forth the expiration date of the permit. Provided, a permit to interconnect a component of an alarm system situated outside the corporate limits of the City with an alarm panel or telephone(s) of the City shall not issue unless the Fire Chief shall find in writing that such connection will not overburden the Department's alarm system during the period of the permit.

8-3-17. Same; permit; renewal.

Alarm systems permits shall not be extendable or renewable as a matter of right beyond the period for which a maintenance or monitoring fee has been paid as provided in this Article.

8-3-18. Alarm systems; inspection.

The Fire Chief or Fire Code Official may inspect, or cause to be inspected, any alarm system for which a permit is required or for which a permit has been issued, for the purpose of ascertaining that information furnished by the application or permittee is correct, and that a system for which a permit has been issued is being maintained in conformance with the requirements of this Article.

8-3-19. Vendors; duties.

Any vendor installing or maintaining an alarm system shall cause such installation or maintenance to conform to the requirements of this Municipal Code and to the Fire Prevention Code.

8-3-20. Permit holder; installation; maintenance.

The holder of an alarm system permit shall, at all times, be responsible for the proper installation, maintenance and repair of the system, including, but not limited to, design features, method of installation, the repair or replacement of any component, or any condition which may give rise to a false alarm.

8-3-21. Same; training.

The holder of an alarm system permit shall be responsible for training and re-training all employees, family members and other persons who may make regular use of the protected premises and who may, in the normal course of their activities, be in a position to accidentally trigger a sensor. Such

training shall include procedures and practices to avoid accidental alarms, and steps to follow in the event the system is accidentally triggered.

8-3-22. Same; change in circumstances.
Within the ten (10) days following any change of circumstances which render obsolete any of the information submitted on an application for an alarm systems permit, the holder of the permit shall file an amendment to his or her application setting forth the currently accurate information. No additional fee shall be required, unless the change is of such character that the permit is no longer applicable to the alarm system for which the permit was issued.

8-3-23. Alarm; notification of owner or lessee; response by owner or lessee.
Upon receiving an emergency alarm signal, the Fire Chief or Fire Code Official shall promptly cause the owner or lessee, or his or her authorized representative, to be notified thereof by telephone, if reasonably possible, and the owner or lessee or his or her authorized representative, shall immediately come to the premises in person.

8-3-24. Alarm system; use; general.
No alarm system shall be activated or used except for the purpose of summoning Fire Department personnel for emergency or life hazard situations. The foregoing sentence shall not be construed to prevent the testing of said alarm system by qualified personnel as provided in the Fire Prevention Code and statutes of the State of Nebraska.

8-3-25. False alarm; prohibited.
It shall be unlawful for any person to make, or cause to be made, a fire alarm known, or which in the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be false.

8-3-26. Same; presumption.
If fire units, responding to an alarm and checking the premises according to standard operating procedure, do not discover any evidence of a fire, or immediately recent fire, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the alarm was false.

8-3-27. Violations; penalty.
A violation of any provision of this Article, or the failure to comply with any written notice served as provided in this Article, is a Class II violation. Each day a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense.

8-3-28. Alarm system; zones prohibited.
Fire alarm systems must display the addressable device alias at the panel and any annunciators, rather than identifying only a zone.

8-3-29. Alarm system; annunciator location(s).
Sprinkler systems with more than one zone must have a fire alarm annunciator present in the vicinity of the main sprinkler riser zone valves in addition to any others required by code.

8-3-30. Alarm system; main panel replacement. When a fire alarm control panel is replaced or added to an existing fire alarm system, the entire alarm system shall meet the requirements of a new system, including device locations and visual device requirements as outlined in the currently adopted fire and life safety codes and this Article."

Section 4. Section 4-1-19 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code is amended to provide as follows:
4-1-19. Fire Limits; established.
The following areas are hereby declared to be within the Fire Limits of the City:

PLATTED AREAS

Broadway Addition - All of BLKS 1,2
City Addition - All of BLKS 1,2
First Addition - All of BLKS 1,2,3,4,5
Fourth Addition - LTS 16-28 of BLK 1
Kenesaw Addition - All of BLK 1
Kelley-Brester Replat - LTS 1-3 of BLK 1
Main Street Addition - LTS 1-24

McClanahan's Addition - All of BLK 1
North Scottsbluff - W1/2 of BLKS 23,29,36;All of BLKS 20,21,22,30,35
Original Town - All of BLKS 1-15
Railway Sub - All of BLK 1
Rueb Subd - LTS 1-3
Rheault Sub - LTS 1-3
Second Addition - All of BLKS A,B,C,D,E
Seventh Addition - All of BLKS 1,2,3,4, A
Sixth Addition - All of BLKS 4,5
South Side Addition -All of BLKS 1,2
Sunset Addition - All of BLK 1
TCI Addition - All of BLK 1
Third Addition - LTS 5 to 12 of BLK 3; LTS 5 to 8 of BLK 4;All of BLKS 1,2,5,6,7,8,9
Tri-State Addition - All of BLKS 1,2,3
Water Shop Addition - All of BLK 1

UNPLATTED AREAS

NE ¼ SEC 26 - Tax Lots 1, 2,13,14,14A,14B,19A,19B,19C,19D,19E
NE ¼ SEC 26 - That portion of BN & SF Railway ROW that lies north and west of an intersection of an easterly extension of the north boundary of the E 12th ST ROW and the east boundary of said BN & SF Railroad ROW.
SW ¼ SEC 23 - That portion of BN & SF Railway ROW that lies south and east of the SE corner of LT 9, BLK 1, Country Club View Add.
SE¼ SEC 23 - That portion of BN & SF Railway ROW that lies north and west of an intersection of the south boundary line of said quarter section and east boundary of said BN &SF Railway ROW.

Each of the foregoing descriptions, together with the introductory clause and the applicable column and other headings in this section, shall constitute a separate and distinct section of this Article.

Section 5. Chapter 23, Article 2 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code is amended to provide as follows:
"**23-2-1. Meter system; established.**
All water furnished by the City water system to private consumers shall be furnished through a meter, except as hereinafter otherwise provided, and at the rates hereinafter set forth.

23-2-2. Water service rates.
Each user of the City water system located within the City limits shall pay charges based on bimonthly consumption as provided in Chapter 6, Article 6.

23-2-3. Same; minimum charges.
Each user of the City water system located within the City limits shall pay minimum bimonthly charges as provided in Chapter 6, Article 6.

23-2-4. Water service; application for.
Each person or persons, company or corporation desiring a supply of water must make application therefor to the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager upon blanks to be furnished by him or her for that purpose. The applicant shall also furnish any and all additional information relative to the water connection and the plumbing in connection therewith as the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, may require. All applications must be made by the owner of the premises to which the water is to be delivered, or by the owner's duly authorized agent.

23-2-5. Water for construction use; meters; charges.
Any property owner or contractor desiring water for construction purposes shall make application therefor in writing to the City Manager, of the designee of the City Manager. Such water shall be supplied through a meter unless the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, shall determine that there exist practical difficulties which render the use of a meter not reasonably possible. Where the use of a meter has been so determined not to be reasonably possible, the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, using proper data and methods, shall estimate the quantity of water so used. Provided, the minimum charge for water supplied for such purpose during each bimonthly period, or fraction thereof, shall be an amount equal to the minimum charge for forty thousand (40,000) gallons as provided in this code.

23-2-6. Meters, reading.
All meters of consumers shall be read by the City Manager, or his or her designee, not less than one (1) time during each period for which water service charges are payable. All meter readings shall be recorded on standard forms in a book of original entry that the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, shall keep or cause to be kept for that purpose. Should any meter become out of repair and fail to register properly, or not be readable for any other reason, the consumer shall be charged for the quantity of water shown by the meter reading for the corresponding period of the previous year on the same premises. Provided, when no water was provided and billed for such premises for the corresponding period of the previous year, the consumer shall be charged on the basis of the meter reading for comparable uses during the same period in the City.

23-2-7. Access to meters, pipes, fixtures, entry on premises.
The consumer shall provide ready and convenient access to the meter or, as the case may he, the remote reader so that it may be easily examined, read and maintained by the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager. All consumers shall permit the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, at all hours between 8:00 A.M. and 6:00 P.M., to enter the premises or building for the purpose of inspecting, testing, repairing or replacing any meter, or of inspecting pipes or other fixtures.

23-2-8. Water charges; due, delinquent; when; penalty; where payable.
All charges made by the City for water furnished under this Article shall become due and payable after water has been furnished, and shall be delinquent fifteen (15) days after the date of the bill. A penalty for late payment, in an amount of ten (10) percent of the water charges, shall be added to each bill when payment has become delinquent. Provided, the City, at the discretion of the City Manager, may collect in advance for water furnished special users who are not regular consumers of City water. All such charges shall be payable at the office of the City Clerk.

23-2-9. Same; statements.
The City Clerk shall make, or cause to be made, prior to the date when charges for water are due, statements to each private consumer for water furnished to the consumer. Such statements shall be in writing, shall set forth the amount due from the consumer for water used or furnished between the last regular reading of the customer's meter and the previous reading thereof, and shall state the meter reading in gallons for the current period and the meter reading in gallons during the previous period. Such statements shall be mailed or otherwise delivered to consumers.

23-2-10. Delinquent bills; collections; suit.
In the event a bill for water service is not paid before the same becomes delinquent, the City Clerk shall collect the entire bill. Any payment that does not include the full amount of such bill shall not bar recovery by the City of the unpaid balance, but such unpaid balance shall remain a liability of the delinquent consumer, and suit may be brought in the name of the City for the collection thereof.

23-2-11. Discontinuance, resumption of service; fee.
The City Manager or the designee of the City Manager is hereby authorized to shut off or disconnect the water service of any consumer after the bill of the consumer shall have become delinquent. A fee in an amount determined as provided in section 23-2-12 shall be paid upon the turning on or reconnection of the water service under the following circumstances:

1) When any water service has been shut off or disconnected by reason of delinquency in payment of the bill for such service, or

2) When water service has been shut off or disconnected at the request of the consumer and the same consumer requests that service be reconnected within thirty days after the request to shut off or disconnect water service.

The fee provided in this section shall not be charged with the disconnection was for the purpose of making repairs. When water has been shut off or disconnected for nonpayment of a bill, it shall not be turned on without an order of the City Manager or the designee of the City Manager and payment of the fee described in this section. Any person turning on water without an order of the City Manager or the designee of the City Manager shall be liable for unpaid water charges and resumption of service fee.

23-2-12. Same; fee; determination.
The amount of the fee to which reference is made in section 23-2-11 shall be such amount as the City Council, by a resolution of general applicability, shall have determined to represent the reasonable

cost to the City of equipment, equipment use and labor required to make the shut off or disconnection and to turn on or reconnect the water service.

23-2-13. Same; assessment against property; lien; exception.
All delinquent charges for water service under this Article shall be a lien upon the real estate to which the water service is supplied. Any delinquent charges for water service which remain unpaid for three months after they become due may be, by resolution of the Council, assessed against the real estate as a special assessment. The special assessment shall be certified by the City Clerk to the Scotts Bluff County Clerk. The County Clerk shall place the assessment on the tax rolls for collection by the County Treasurer, subject to the same penalties and to be collected in the same manner as other City taxes. Provided, the City Clerk shall notify in writing any nonoccupying owners of the real estate or their agents whenever their tenants are sixty (60) days delinquent in the payment of their water charges. If in response to that notice, the real estate owner or his or her agent notifies the City Clerk in writing to discontinue water service, it shall be the duty of The City Clerk to notify the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, who shall cause the service to be discontinued. Any charges for water service furnished to the occupants of the real estate contrary to the owner's notice shall not be a lien on the real estate.

23-2-14. Same; remedies; cumulative.
The remedies prescribed by this Article for the collection of delinquent rents and charges shall be deemed cumulative and not exclusive.

23-2-15. Reserved.

23-2-16. Abandonment, destruction of premises; notice; discontinuance of service.
If any consumer shall move from the premises, or the building on the premises shall be destroyed by fire, he or she shall promptly notify the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, thereof, and the City Manager, or the designee of the City Manager, shall cause the water to such premises to be shut off.

23-2-17. Water system; repairs; extension; suspension of service.
The City reserves the right at all times to shut off the water supply for necessary repairs or extensions.

23-2-18. Fires; water use during.
The Fire Chief shall have authority by order to prohibit the opening of, and to order closed, any hydrant, sillcock, tap, faucet or other connection of any description on any water line of the City, whether inside or outside of the City, during the progress of any fire within or adjacent to the City; and it shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to fail to comply immediately with such an order.

23-2-19. Sprinkling lawns, gardens; irrigation; water use for; suspension.
The City reserves the right to suspend the use of water for sprinkling lawns, gardens or for irrigation purposes, whenever in the opinion of City Council the public exigency may require it.

23-2-20. Suspension of service; liability.
Neither the City nor any officer or employee thereof shall be liable for damages caused by shutting off the supply of water of any consumer for nonpayment of charges for water service; while the City water system or any part thereof is undergoing repairs; or caused by the freezing of a main or lateral or the breaking of any pipe, service cock, or other equipment, by a shortage of water due to accident or lack of capacity of the system, by an act of God, or by circumstances over which the City has no control. The enumeration herein of damages for which the City and its officers and employees shall not be liable shall not be construed as an assumption of liability for damages not enumerated.

23-2-21. Repealed.

23-2-22. Consumer's contract, rules; regulations; rates; amendments; effect.
The rules, regulations and water rates set forth in this Chapter shall be considered a part of the contract with every person, persons, company or corporation who is supplied with water through the waterworks system of the City; and every such person, persons, company or corporation by taking water shall be considered and held to have consented to be bound thereby. Provided, the City reserves the right at all times to amend or alter, by ordinance, rules and regulations pertaining to water and

water service, including the rates established by this Article, when deemed advisable by the City Council."

Section 6. Chapter 23, Article 3 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code is amended to provide as follows:
"**23-3-1. Repealed.**

23-3-2. Public drinking fountains; design.
No public drinking fountain shall have openings by which it can be used as a source of domestic or other private supply.

23-3-3. Waterworks; injury; interference: prohibited .
No person shall wilfully or carelessly break, injure or deface, interfere with or disturb any machinery, apparatus, fixtures, attachment or appurtenances of the waterworks system of the City; or any public or private hydrant, hose or water trough, curb stop, water supply or service pipe, or any part thereof. Nor shall any person deposit anything in any curb stop box, or commit any act tending to obstruct or impair the intended use of any of the above-mentioned properties.

23-3-4. Water supply; contamination; generally.
No person shall place in or near or around the waterworks system of the City any building or structure, or any dirt, filth or impure substance whatever, or any substance or fluid by which the water shall be rendered impure, unpalatable, or dangerous for human or animal consumption.

23-3-5 Water line; proximity to sanitary sewer line; prohibited.
No water main or water service line, whether in a public street or alley, on privately owned premises or elsewhere, shall be installed within ten (10) feet horizontally, or eighteen (18) inches vertically of any sanitary sewer main. Provided, this section shall not apply to the installation of plumbing fixtures.

23-3-6. Cross-connections; when prohibited.
No plumbing fixture, device or connection shall be installed which will result in a cross-connection between a distribution system of water for drinking and domestic purposes and a drainage system, soil or waste pipe so as to permit or make possible the backflow of sewage or waste into the water supply system. No installation of potable water supply piping or part thereof shall be made in such a manner that it will be possible for used, unclean, polluted or contaminated water, mixtures, or substances to enter any portion of such piping from any tank, receptacle, equipment or plumbing fixture by reason of back siphonage, by suction or any other cause, either during normal use and operation thereof or when any such tank, receptacle, equipment or plumbing fixture is flooded, or subject to pressure in excess of the operating pressure in the hot or cold water piping.

23-3-7. Connection to private water supply; prohibited.
A private water supply shall not be connected to the City water system.

23-3-8. Chapter provisions; effect; scope.
The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to water connections that have been made prior, as well as those that may be made subsequent, to the effective date of such provisions. Provided, it shall not be necessary to obtain a permit for a connection that was made with the consent of the City Council or other authorized officer of the City prior to the adoption of such provisions so long as the system thus connected is maintained in good repair by the owner or user, and does not tend to contaminate water in the water system of the City. Provided, further, such provisions shall not be construed in such manner as to impair the obligation of valid written contracts entered into prior to the adoption of such provisions.

23-3-9. Fluoridation. Fluoride shall not be added to the water system of the City of Scottsbluff."

Section 7. Previously existing Chapter 8, Article 1, Article 2, Article 3; Chapter 4, Article 1 and Chapter 23, Article 2 and Article 3 of the Scottsbluff Municipal Code and all other Ordinances and parts of Ordinances in conflict herewith are repealed. Provided, however, this Ordinance shall not be construed to affect any rights, liabilities, duties or causes of action, either criminal or civil, existing or actions pending at the time when this Ordinance becomes effective.

ORDINANCE RECORD

Section 8. This Ordinance shall become effective upon its passage, approval as provided by law, and publication shall be in pamphlet form.

PASSED AND APPROVED on January 19, 2021

Jeanne McKeough
Mayor

ATTEST:

Kimberley Wright
City Clerk (Seal)

City of Scottsbluff Nebraska Incorporated June 10, 1895 CORPORATE SEAL

Approved to form:

City Attorney

ORDINANCE RECORD

CERTIFICATE OF PASSAGE

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County of Scotts Bluff)
City of Scottsbluff) §

I, Kimberley E. Wright, City Clerk of the City of Scottsbluff, Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska, hereby certify that the annexed Ordinance purporting to be Ordinance No. 4255 of said City was passed as such by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Scottsbluff, Scotts Buff County, Nebraska, pursuant to the rules and regulations prescribed by general law and by said City for the passage of Ordinances, and was duly approved by the Mayor of said City, passage and approval having been made on the 19th day of January, 2021 with respect to said Ordinance aforesaid which said Ordinance No. 4255 has been published in pamphlet form by authority of the Mayor and Council of said City under direction of its duly constituted authorities pursuant to resolution of the Mayor and Council thereof with copies made available to the public on such date at the office of the City Clerk.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereto affixed my hand and the seal of the City of Scottsbluff, Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska, this 20th day of January, A. D., 2021.

Kimberley Wright
City Clerk

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of January, 2021

Vicki E. Weber
Notary Public

GENERAL NOTARY - State of Nebraska
VICKI E. WEBER
My Comm. Exp. September 2, 2022